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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/805,328	03/13/2001	William D. Budinger	156US	1796	
7590 11/05/2003			EXAMINER		
Rodel Holdings, Inc. Suite 1300			WILSON, LEE D		
1105 North Market Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Wilmington, D	E 19899		3723		
			DATE MAILED: 11/05/2003	12	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•		Applicati n	N .	Applicant(s)	Ţ		
•	_	09/805,328		BUDINGER ET AL.			
Office Actio	on Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	٦		
		LEE D WILS		3723			
The MAILING DA Period for Reply	TE of this communication ap	ppears n the d	ver sh et with the c	orresp ndence address			
THE MAILING DATE O  - Extensions of time may be ava after SIX (6) MONTHS from the  - If the period for reply specified  - If NO period for reply is specifie  - Failure to reply within the set o	JTORY PERIOD FOR REPL F THIS COMMUNICATION. ilable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. e mailing date of this communication. above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep ed above, the maximum statutory period r extended period for reply will, by statut e later than three months after the mailir . See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event ply within the statuto I will apply and will e te, cause the applica	however, may a reply be tim ry minimum of thirty (30) days xpire SIX (6) MONTHS from ( tion to become ABANDONED	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to co	ommunication(s) filed on						
2a) This action is FII	NAL. 2b)⊠ TI	his action is n	on-final.				
3) Since this applic	ation is in condition for allow	vance except f	or formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merits is			
closed in accord Disposition of Claims	ance with the practice under	r Ex parte Qua	yle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>33-44</u> is	/are pending in the applicati	ion.					
4a) Of the above of	claim(s) <u>41-44</u> is/are withdra	wn from cons	deration.				
5) Claim(s) is	/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>33-40</u> is <i>i</i>	are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is	/are objected to.						
	re subject to restriction and/	or election req	uirement.				
Application Papers							
	s objected to by the Examine						
	d on is/are: a)□ acce				i		
	request that any objection to the						
	wing correction filed on			ved by the Examiner.			
	cted drawings are required in re		e action.				
	ation is objected to by the Ex	xamıner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §							
_	is made of a claim for foreig	n priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some	, —						
<ul> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>							
applicat	ne certified copies of the pric tion from the International Bu etailed Office action for a list	ureau (PCT R	ule 17.2(a)).	Ū			
			•	) (to a provisional application).			
_a)	n of the foreign language promotes made of a claim for domes	ovisional appl	cation has been rece	eived.			
Attachment(s)		- principy with					
1) Notice of References Cited 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Pal 3) Information Disclosure State		5	Interview Summary Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) latent Application (PTO-152)			
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restriction

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 33-40, drawn to an apparatus, classified in class 451, subclass 41.
  - II. Claims 41-44, drawn to a method, classified in class 451, subclass 28.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because:

- 2. Inventions I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus which does not require having discontinuities forming in a matrix.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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5. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an

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election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37

CFR 1.143).

6. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently

named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any

amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the

fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Applicant response to the Restriction Election Requirment

7. Applicant has already elected Group I, claims 33-40 without traverse in paper 13. This is

acknowledged by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(e) the invention was described in-

(1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty

defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published

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under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or

- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371 (c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bartlett (6428386).
   Bartlett discloses a polishing pad having a first wear surface (162), a window portion
   (180 that has a diamond pane) that is greater or equal than a wear rate.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claim 34 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett (6428386).
  - a. Bartlett is discussed above.
- b. Bartlett discloses the claimed invention except for a second wear rate 5% to 25% greater than the first wear rate. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art

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at the time the invention was made to have used a range with a second wear rate 5% to 25% greater than the first wear rate, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233. (Note: the second is greater but the range is not disclosed.)

- 12. Claims 35-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett (6428386) in view of Roberts et al (6171181).
  - a. Bartlett is discussed above.
- b. Bartlett discloses the claimed invention except for materials including a polymerized blend of two immiscible polymers; and solid mattter.
- c. Roberts et al disclose a polishing pad with a window using materials including a polymerized blend of two immiscible polymers; and solid mattter; silica, titania, alumina, ceria, plastic which are used to compose polishing pad with windows.
- d. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Bartlett device by providing materials including a polymerized blend of two immiscible polymers; and solid matter as taught by Roberts et al which are used to compose polishing pad with windows.
- 13. Claim 40 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett (6428386) in view of Adefris et al
  - a. Bartlett is discussed above.

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b. Bartlett discloses the claimed invention except for materials from a group consisting

of silica, titania, alumina, ceria, and plastic.

c. Adefris et al disclose a polishing pad using and having materials including silica and

plastic which are used in the composition of polishing pads.

d. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to have modified the Bartlett device by providing materials including silica and plastic

as taught by Adefris et al which are used in the composition of polishing pads.

Conclusion

14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. Birang et al and Tolles discloses a device.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Lee Wilson whose telephone number is (703) 305-4094.

ldw

October 30, 2003

LEED. WILSON